Kolofonium is the new hack for La Fonera routers with 0.7.1 r2 firmware loaded to enable SSH. Its described in detail at <u>Stefan's website</u>.

Pre setup: Ok recently I got another La Fonera to give to a family member. The only difference is that I wanted to experiment with the Kolofonium hack a bit and run the original la Fonera firmware for a while, mostly to show up on the map before I send it to my family member. So, the La Fonera had the original firmware of 0.7.1 and since it was connected to the internet it updated itself to 0.7.2. Now without trying to revert to the 0.7.1 firmware I will attempt to use the Kolofonium DNS hack. Since there is nothing really documented as to how to do this hack I will provide some more in depth information to how I made it work.

What I used was the following: Dlink 624 Router La Fonera PC Connect your La Fonera to your existing router and have the DHCP automatically give it an IP address. From my pc upstairs I viewed the wireless networks and connected to the **Private_Fon Network**



Once connected wirelessly, I was able to connect to both the 192.168.10.1 & 192.168.0.102 Address. This is what I saw at the status page.

Router Status	
Configuration summary Firmware Version:	0.7.1 r2
Internet connection	Tura Nas MA
Connection type:	DHCP
IP Address:	192.168.0.102
Gateway address:	192.168.0.1
DNS Server:	213.134.45.129
WiFi Settings	
Public SSID:	FON_AP
Private SSID:	Private_Fon
Encryption:	wpa
IP Address:	192.168.10.1

Copy down your Internet Connection settings and go to the Advanced Tab. You will be asked to provide the username and password, which by default is username: root password: admin.



Change the **Mode** from **DHCP** to **Static IP** and enter in your following information you copied from Status page under Internet Connection. The only exception is that now you will enter the Kolofonium DNS server, which is **88.198.165.155.** Mine looked like the following.

SUMIENTO	Internet Connection Settings
Status Public WiFi	Here you can configure the way your Fonera connects to the Internet. Currently there are 4 protocols available: DHCP, static IP configuration, PPPoE and PPTP. For most people DHCP should work; though, if it doesn't for you, check with your Internet provider (ISP) what protocol you must use or look at the installation reference manual or the troubleshooting manual from FON.
Private WiFi Password	Mode Static IP Static IP settings
Language Advanced Internet Connection Network Settings Wireless Settings Port Forwarding Firmware Upgrade	IP Address 192.168.0.102 Network Mask 255.255.0 Gateway 192.168.0.1 DNS Server 88.190.165.155

After about 3 minutes I went back to the status page to check my settings and verify the data.

Router Status	
Configuration summary Firmware Version:	0.7.1 r2
WiFi Internet connection	
Connection type:	Static
IP Address:	192.168.0.102
Gateway address:	192.168.0.1
DNS Server:	88.198.165.155
WiFi Settings	
Public SSID:	FON_AP
Private SSID:	Private_Fon
Encryption:	wpa
IP Address:	192,168,10,1

Now my status page has the New DNS server and the exact same information as before.

I then open up putty and make my first SSH attempt and like magic it works. Make note that the Firmware Version is 0.7.1 rev 2. Therefore, you know it works. Now I proceed like before to update the firmware just as I have before.

₽ 192.168.10.1 - PuTTY	
login as: root root0192.168.10.1's password:	
BusyBox v1.1.3 (2006.11.27-12:40+0000) Built-in shell (ash) Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.	
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Fonera Firmware (Version 0.7.1 rev 2) * * Based on OpenWrt - http://openwrt.org * Powered by FON - http://www.fon.com	
root@OpenWrt:~#	
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